boiler, or any other type of utility boiler (such as a fluidized bed or stoker boiler) that is not a Group 1 boiler.

Low NO_X burners and low NO_X burner technology means commercially available combustion modification NO_X controls that minimize $NO_{\boldsymbol{X}}$ formation by introducing coal and its associated combustion air into a boiler such that initial combustion occurs in a manner promotes rapid devolatilization in a fuel-rich (i.e., oxygen deficient) environment and introduces additional air to achieve a final fuel-lean (i.e., oxygen rich) environment to complete the combustion process. This definition shall include the staging of any portion of the combustion air using air nozzles or registers located inside any waterwall hole that includes a burner. This definition shall exclude the staging of any portion of the combustion air using air nozzles or ports located outside any waterwall hole that includes a burner (commonly referred to as NOx ports or separated overfire air ports).

Operating period means a period of time of not less than three consecutive months and that occurs not more than one month prior to applying for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period under § 76.10, during which the owner or operator of an affected unit that cannot meet the applicable emission limitation:

(1) Operates the installed NO_X emission controls in accordance with primary vendor specifications and procedures, with the unit operating under normal conditions; and

(2) records and reports quality-assured continuous emission monitoring (CEM) and unit operating data according to the methods and procedures in part 75 of this chapter.

Primary vendor means the vendor of the NO_X emission control system who has primary responsibility for providing the equipment, service, and technical expertise necessary for detailed design, installation, and operation of the controls, including process data, mechanical drawings, operating manuals, or any combination thereof.

Reburning means reducing the coal and combustion air to the main burners and injecting a reburn fuel (such as gas or oil) to create a fuel-rich secondary combustion zone above the main burner zone and final combustion air to create a fuel-lean burnout zone. The formation of $NO_{\rm X}$ is inhibited in the main burner zone due to the reduced combustion intensity, and $NO_{\rm X}$ is destroyed in the fuel-rich secondary combustion zone by conversion to molecular nitrogen.

Selective catalytic reduction means a noncombustion control technology that destroys NO_X by injecting a reducing agent (e.g., ammonia) into the flue gas that, in the presence of a catalyst (e.g., vanadium, titanium, or zeolite), converts NO_X into molecular nitrogen and water.

Selective noncatalytic reduction means a noncombustion control technology that destroys NO_X by injecting a reducing agent (e.g., ammonia, urea, or cyanuric acid) into the flue gas, downstream of the combustion zone that converts NO_X to molecular nitrogen, water, and when urea or cyanuric acid are used, to carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Stoker boiler means a boiler that burns solid fuel in a bed, on a stationary or moving grate, that is located at the bottom of the furnace.

Tangentially fired boiler means a boiler that has coal and air nozzles mounted in each corner of the furnace where the vertical furnace walls meet. Both pulverized coal and air are directed from the furnace corners along a line tangential to a circle lying in a horizontal plane of the furnace.

Turbo-fired boiler means a pulverized coal, wall-fired boiler with burners arranged on walls so that the individual flames extend down toward the furnace bottom and then turn back up through the center of the furnace.

Wall-fired boiler means a boiler that has pulverized coal burners arranged on the walls of the furnace. The burners have discrete, individual flames that extend perpendicularly into the furnace area.

Wet bottom means the boiler has a furnace bottom temperature above the ash melting point and the bottom ash is removed as a liquid.

§76.3 General Acid Rain Program provisions.

The following provisions of part 72 of this chapter shall apply to this part:

- (a) §72.2 (Definitions);
- (b) §72.3 (Measurements, abbreviations, and acronyms);
 - (c) §72.4 (Federal authority);
 - (d) §72.5 (State authority);
 - (e) §72.6 (Applicability);
 - (f) §72.7 (New unit exemption);
 - (g) §72.8 (Retired units exemption);
 - (h) §72.9 (Standard requirements);
- (i) §72.10 (Availability of information); and
 - (j) §72.11 (Computation of time).
- In addition, the procedures for appeals of decisions of the Administrator under this part are contained in part 78 of this chapter.

§ 76.4 Incorporation by reference.

- (a) The materials listed in this section are incorporated by reference in noted. sections These incorporations by reference (IBR's) were approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. These materials are incorporated as they existed on the date of approval, and notice of any change in these materials will be published in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER. The materials are available for purchase at the corresponding address noted below and are available for inspection at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol St., NW., 7th Floor, Suite 700, Washington, DC, at the Public Information Reference Unit, U.S. EPA, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, DC, and at the Library (MD-35), U.S. EPA, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina.
- (b) The following materials are available for purchase from at least one of the following addresses: American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103; or the University Microfilms International, 300 North Zeeb Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48106.
- (1) ASTM D 3176-89, Standard Practice for Ultimate Analysis of Coal and Coke, IBR approved May 23, 1995 for \$76.15
- (2) ASTM D 3172-89, Standard Practice for Proximate Analysis of Coal and Coke, IBR approved May 23, 1995 for §76.15.
- (c) The following material is available for purchase from the American

- Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME), 22 Law Drive, Box 2350, Fairfield, NJ 07007–2350.
- (1) ASME Performance Test Code 4.2 (1991), Test Code for Coal Pulverizers, IBR approved May 23, 1995 for §76.15.
 - (2) [Reserved]
- (d) The following material is available for purchase from the American National Standards Institute, 11 West 42nd Street, New York, NY 10036 or from the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), Case Postale 56, CH-1211 Geneve 20, Switzerland.
- (1) ISO 9931 (December, 1991) "Coal—Sampling of Pulverized Coal Conveyed by Gases in Direct Fired Coal Systems," IBR approved May 23, 1995 for §76.15.
 - (2) [Reserved]

$\S\,76.5\ NO_{\rm X}$ emission limitations for Group 1 boilers.

- (a) Beginning January 1, 1996, or for a unit subject to section 404(d) of the Act, the date on which the unit is required to meet Acid Rain emission reduction requirements for SO_2 , the owner or operator of a Phase I coalfired utility unit with a tangentially fired boiler or a dry bottom wall-fired boiler (other than units applying cell burner technology) shall not discharge, or allow to be discharged, emissions of NO_X to the atmosphere in excess of the following limits, except as provided in paragraphs (c) or (e) of this section or in §76.10, 76.11, or 76.12:
- (1) 0.45 lb/mmBtu of heat input on an annual average basis for tangentially fired boilers.
- (2) 0.50 lb/mmBtu of heat input on an annual average basis for dry bottom wall-fired boilers (other than units applying cell burner technology).
- (b) The owner or operator shall determine the annual average $NO_{\rm X}$ emission rate, in lb/mmBtu, using the methods and procedures specified in part 75 of this chapter.
- (c) Unless the unit meets the early election requirement of §76.8, the owner or operator of a coal-fired substitution unit with a tangentially fired boiler or a dry bottom wall-fired boiler (other than units applying cell burner technology) that satisfies the requirements of §76.1(c)(2), shall comply with

the NO_X emission limitations that apply to Group 1, Phase II boilers.

- (d) The owner or operator of a Phase I unit with a cell burner boiler that converts to a conventional wall-fired boiler on or before January 1, 1995 or, for a unit subject to section 404(d) of the Act, the date the unit is required to meet Acid Rain emissions reduction requirements for SO_2 shall comply, by such respective date or January 1, 1996, whichever is later, with the NO_X emissions limitation applicable to dry bottom wall-fired boilers under paragraph (a) of this section, except as provided in paragraphs (c) or (e) of this section or in § 76.10, 76.11, or 76.12.
- (e) The owner or operator of a Phase I unit with a Group 1 boiler that converts to a fluidized bed or other type of utility boiler not included in Group 1 boilers on or before January 1, 1995 or, for a unit subject to section 404(d) of the Act, the date the unit is required to meet Acid Rain emissions reduction requirements for SO_2 is exempt from the NO_X emissions limitations specified in paragraph (a) of this section, but shall comply with the NO_X emission limitations for Group 2 boilers under §76.6.
- (f) Except as provided in §76.8 and in paragraph (c) of this section, each unit subject to the requirements of this section is not subject to the requirements of §76.7.
- (g) Beginning January 1, 2000, the owner or operator of a Group 1, Phase II coal-fired utility unit with a tangentially fired boiler or a wall-fired boiler shall be subject to the emission limitations in paragraph (a) of this section.

$\$ 76.6 $NO_{\rm X}$ emission limitations for Group 2 boilers. [Reserved]

$\S\,76.7$ Revised $NO_{\rm X}$ emission limitations for Group 1, Phase II boilers. [Reserved]

§ 76.8 Early election for Group 1, Phase II boilers.

(a) General provisions. (1) The owner or operator of a Phase II coal-fired utility unit with a Group 1 boiler may elect to have the unit become subject to the applicable emissions limitation for NO_X under §76.5, starting no later than January 1, 1997.

- (2) The owner or operator of a Phase II coal-fired utility unit with a Group 1 boiler that elects to become subject to the applicable emission limitation under §76.5 shall not be subject to any revised NO_X emissions limitation for Group 1 boilers that the Administrator may issue pursuant to section 407(b)(2) of the Act until January 1, 2008, provided the designated representative demonstrates that the unit is in compliance with the limitation under §76.5. using the methods and procedures specified in part 75 of this chapter, for the period beginning January 1 of the year in which the early election takes effect (but not later than January 1, 1997) and ending December 31, 2007.
- (3) The owner or operator of any Phase II unit with a cell burner boiler that converts to conventional burner technology may elect to become subject to the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5 for dry bottom wall-fired boilers, provided the owner or operator complies with the provisions in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (4) The owner or operator of a Phase II unit approved for early election shall not submit an application for an alternative emissions limitation demonstration period under §76.10 until the earlier of:
 - (i) January 1, 2008; or
- (ii) Early election is terminated pursuant to paragraph (e)(3) of this section.
- (5) The owner or operator of a Phase II unit approved for early election may not incorporate the unit into an averaging plan prior to January 1, 2000. On or after January 1, 2000, for purposes of the averaging plan, the early election unit will be treated as subject to the applicable emissions limitation for NO $_{\rm X}$ for Phase II units with Group 1 boilers under §76.5(g) and if revised emission limitations are issued for Group 1 boilers pursuant to section 407(b)(2) of the Act, §76.7.
- (b) Submission requirements. In order to obtain early election status, the designated representative of a Phase II unit with a Group 1 boiler shall submit an early election plan to the Administrator by January 1 of the year the early election is to take effect, but not

later than January 1, 1997. Notwithstanding §72.40 of this chapter, and unless the unit is a substitution unit under §72.41 of this chapter or a compensating unit under §72.43 of this chapter, a complete compliance plan covering the unit shall not include the provisions for SO_2 emissions under §72.40(a)(1) of this chapter.

- (c) Contents of an early election plan. A complete early election plan shall include the following elements in a format prescribed by the Administrator:
 - (1) A request for early election;
- (2) The first year for which early election is to take effect, but not later than 1997; and
- (3) The special provisions under paragraph (e) of this section.
- (d)(1) Permitting authority's action. To the extent the Administrator determines that an early election plan complies with the requirements of this section, the Administrator will approve the plan and:
- (i) If a Phase I Acid Rain permit governing the source at which the unit is located has been issued, will revise the permit in accordance with the permit modification procedures in §72.81 of this chapter to include the early election plan; or
- (ii) If a Phase I Acid Rain permit governing the source at which the unit is located has not been issued, will issue a Phase I Acid Rain permit effective from January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1999, that will include the early election plan and a complete compliance plan under $\S72.40(a)$ of this chapter and paragraph (b) of this section. If the early election plan is not effective until after January 1, 1995, the permit will not contain any NO_X emissions limitations until the effective date of the plan.
- (2) Beginning January 1, 2000, the permitting authority will approve any early election plan previously approved by the Administrator during Phase I, unless the plan is terminated pursuant to paragraph (e)(3) of this section.
- (e) Special provisions—(1) Emissions limitations—(i) Sulfur dioxide. Notwithstanding §72.9 of this chapter, a unit that is governed by an approved early election plan and that is not a substitution unit under §72.41 of this chapter or a compensating unit under §72.43 of

this chapter shall not be subject to the following standard requirements under §72.9 of this chapter for Phase I:

- (A) The permit requirements under §§ 72.9(a)(1) (i) and (ii) of this chapter;
- (B) The sulfur dioxide requirements under §72.9(c) of this chapter; and
- (C) The excess emissions requirements under §72.9(e)(1) of this chapter.
- (ii) Nitrogen oxides. A unit that is governed by an approved early election plan shall be subject to an emissions limitation for NO_X as provided under paragraph (a)(2) of this section except as provided under paragraph (e)(3)(iii) of this section.
- (2) Liability. The owners and operators of any unit governed by an approved early election plan shall be liable for any violation of the plan or this section at that unit. The owners and operators shall be liable, beginning January 1, 2000, for fulfilling the obligations specified in part 77 of this chapter.
- (3) Termination. An approved early election plan shall be in effect only until the earlier of January 1, 2008 or January 1 of the calendar year for which a termination of the plan takes effect.
- (i) If the designated representative of the unit under an approved early election plan fails to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5 for any year during the period beginning January 1 of the first year the early election takes effect and ending December 31, 2007, the permitting authority will terminate the plan. The termination will take effect beginning January 1 of the year after the year for which there is a failure to demonstrate compliance, and the designated representative may not submit a new early election plan.
- (ii) The designated representative of the unit under an approved early election plan may terminate the plan any year prior to 2008 but may not submit a new early election plan. In order to terminate the plan, the designated representative must submit a notice under §72.40(d) of this chapter by January 1 of the year for which the termination is to take effect.
- (iii)(A) If an early election plan is terminated any year prior to 2000, the unit shall meet, beginning January 1,

2000, the applicable emissions limitation for NO_X for Phase II units with Group 1 boilers under §76.5(g) and, if revised emission limitations are issued pursuant to section 407(b)(2) of the Act, §76.7.

(B) If an early election plan is terminated in or after 2000, the unit shall meet, beginning on the effective date of the termination, the applicable emissions limitation for NO $_{\rm X}$ for Phase II units with Group 1 boilers under §76.5(g) and, if revised emission limitations are issued pursuant to section 407(b)(2) of the Act, §76.7.

§ 76.9 Permit application and compliance plans.

- (a) Duty to apply. (1) The designated representative of any source with an affected unit subject to this part shall submit, by the applicable deadline under paragraph (b) of this section, a complete Acid Rain permit application (or, if the unit is covered by an Acid Rain permit, a complete permit revision) that includes a complete compliance plan for NO_X emissions covering the unit.
- (2) The original and three copies of the permit application and compliance plan for NO_X emissions for Phase I shall be submitted to the EPA regional office for the region where the applicable source is located. The original and three copies of the permit application and compliance plan for NO_X emissions for Phase II shall be submitted to the permitting authority.
- (b) Deadlines. (1) For a Phase I unit with a Group 1 boiler, the designated representative shall submit a complete permit application and compliance plan for NO_X covering the unit during Phase I to the applicable permitting authority not later than May 6, 1994.
- (2) For a Phase I or Phase II unit with a Group 2 boiler or a Phase II unit with a Group 1 boiler, the designated representative shall submit a complete permit application and compliance plan for NO_X emissions covering the unit in Phase II to the Administrator not later than January 1, 1998, except that early election units shall also submit an application not later than January 1, 1997.
- (c) Information requirements for NO_X compliance plans. (1) In accordance

with $\S72.40(a)(2)$ of this chapter, a complete compliance plan for NO_X shall, for each affected unit included in the permit application and subject to this part, either certify that the unit will comply with the applicable emissions limitation under $\S76.5$, 76.6, or 76.7 or specify one or more other Acid Rain compliance options for NO_X in accordance with the requirements of this part. A complete compliance plan for NO_X for a source shall include the following elements in a format prescribed by the Administrator:

- (i) Identification of the source;
- (ii) Identification of each affected unit that is at the source and is subject to this part;
- (iii) Identification of the boiler type of each unit;
- (iv) Identification of the compliance option proposed for each unit (i.e., meeting the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5, 76.6, 76.7, 76.8 (early election), 76.10 (alternative emission limitation), 76.11 (NO $_{\rm X}$ emissions averaging), or 76.12 (Phase I NO $_{\rm X}$ compliance extension)) and any additional information required for the appropriate option in accordance with this part;
- (v) Reference to the standard requirements in §72.9 of this chapter (consistent with §76.8(e)(1)(i)); and
- (vi) The requirements of §§ 72.21 (a) and (b) of this chapter.
- (d) *Duty to reapply.* The designated representative of any source with an affected unit subject to this part shall submit a complete Acid Rain permit application, including a complete compliance plan for NO_X emissions covering the unit, in accordance with the deadlines in §72.30(c) of this chapter.

§ 76.10 Alternative emission limitations.

(a) General provisions. (1) The designated representative of an affected unit that is not an early election unit pursuant to $\S76.8$ and cannot meet the applicable emission limitation in $\S76.5$, 76.6, or 76.7 using, for Group 1 boilers, either low NO_X burner technology or an alternative technology in accordance with paragraph (e)(11) of this section, or, for tangentially fired boilers, separated overfire air, or, for Group 2 boilers, the technology on which the applicable emission limitation is based may

petition the permitting authority for an alternative emission limitation less stringent than the applicable emission limitation.

- (2) In order for the unit to qualify for an alternative emission limitation, the designated representative shall demonstrate that the affected unit cannot meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 based on a showing, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that:
- (i)(A) For a tangentially fired boiler, the owner or operator has either properly installed low $NO_{\rm X}$ burner technology or properly installed separated overfire air; or
- (B) For a dry bottom wall-fired boiler (other than a unit applying cell burner technology), the owner or operator has properly installed low NO_X burner technology; or
- (C) For a Group 1 boiler, the owner or operator has properly installed an alternative technology (including but not limited to reburning, selective noncatalytic reduction, or selective catalytic reduction) that achieves NO_{X} emission reductions demonstrated in accordance with paragraph (e)(11) of this section; or
- (D) For a Group 2 boiler, the owner or operator has properly installed the appropriate $NO_{\rm X}$ emission control technology on which the applicable emission limitation in §76.6 is based; and
- (ii) The installed NO_X emission control system has been designed to meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7; and
- (iii) For a demonstration period of at least 15 months or other period of time, as provided in paragraph (f)(1) of this section:
- (A) The NO_X emission control system has been properly installed and properly operated according to specifications and procedures designed to minimize the emissions of NO_X to the atmosphere;
- (B) Unit operating data as specified in this section show that the unit and NO_X emission control system were operated in accordance with the bid and design specifications on which the design of the NO_X emission control system was based; and
- (C) Unit operating data as specified in this section, continuous emission

monitoring data obtained pursuant to part 75 of this chapter, and the test data specific to the NO_X emission control system show that the unit could not meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7.

(b) *Petitioning process*. The petitioning process for an alternative emission limitation shall consist of the follow-

ing steps:

- (1) Operation during a period of at least 3 months, following the installation of the NO_X emission control system, that shows that the specific unit and the NO_X emission control system was unable to meet the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 and was operated in accordance with the operating conditions upon which the design of the NO_X emission control system was based and with vendor specifications and procedures;
- (2) Submission of a petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period as specified in paragraph (d) of this section;
- (3) Operation during a demonstration period of at least 15 months, or other period of time as provided in paragraph (f) (I) of this section, that demonstrates the inability of the specific unit to meet the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 and the minimum NO_X emissions rate that the specific unit can achieve during long-term load dispatch operation; and
- (4) Submission of a petition for a final alternative emission limitation as specified in paragraph (e) of this section.
- (c) Deadlines—(1) Petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period. The designated representative of the unit shall submit a petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period to the permitting authority after the unit has been operated for at least 3 months after installation of the NO_X emission control system required under paragraph (a)(2) of this section and by the following deadline:
- (i) For units that seek to have an alternative emission limitation demonstration period apply during all or part of calendar year 1996, or any previous calendar year by the later of:
- (A) 120 days after startup of the NO_X emission control system, or

- (B) May 1, 1996.
- (ii) For units that seek an alternative emission limitation demonstration period beginning in a calendar year after 1996, not later than:
- (A) 120 days after January 1 of that calendar year, or
- (B) 120 days after startup of the $NO_{\rm X}$ emission control system if the unit is not operating at the beginning of that calendar year.
- (2) Petition for a final alternative emission limitation. Not later than 90 days after the end of an approved alternative emission limitation demonstration period for the unit, the designated representative of the unit may submit a petition for an alternative emission limitation to the permitting authority.
- (3) Renewal of an alternative emission limitation. In order to request continuation of an alternative emission limitation, the designated representative must submit a petition to renew the alternative emission limitation on the date that the application for renewal of the source's Acid Rain permit containing the alternative emission limitation is due.
- (d) Contents of petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period. The designated representative of an affected unit that has met the minimum criteria under paragraph (a) of this section and that has been operated for a period of at least 3 months following the installation of the required NO_X emission control system may submit to the permitting authority a petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period. In the petition, the designated representative shall provide the following information in a format prescribed by the Administrator:
 - (1) Identification of the unit;
- (2) The type of NO_X control technology installed (e.g., low NO_X burner technology, selective noncatalytic reduction, selective catalytic reduction, reburning);
- (3) If an alternative technology is installed, the time period (not less than 6 consecutive months) prior to installation of the technology to be used for the demonstration required in paragraph (e)(11) of this section.
- (4) Documentation as set forth in §76.14(a)(1) showing that the installed

 $NO_{\rm X}$ emission control system has been designed to meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 and that the system has been properly installed according to procedures and specifications designed to minimize the emissions of $NO_{\rm X}$ to the atmosphere;

- (5) The date the unit commenced operation following the installation of the NO_X emission control system or the date the specific unit became subject to the emission limitations of §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, whichever is later;
- (6) The dates of the operating period (which must be at least 3 months long);
- (7) Certification by the designated representative that the owner(s) or operator operated the unit and the NO_X emission control system during the operating period in accordance with: Specifications and procedures designed to achieve the maximum NO_X reduction possible with the installed NO_X emission control system or the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7; the operating conditions upon which the design of the NO_X emission control system was based; and vendor specifications and procedures;
- (8) A brief statement describing the reason or reasons why the unit cannot achieve the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7;
- (9) A demonstration period plan, as set forth in §76.14(a)(2);
- (10) Unit operating data and quality-assured continuous emission monitoring data (including the specific data items listed in §76.14(a)(3) collected in accordance with part 75 of this chapter during the operating period) and demonstrating the inability of the specific unit to meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 on an annual average basis while operating as certified under paragraph (d)(7) of this section;
- (11) An interim alternative emission limitation, in lb/mmBtu, that the unit can achieve during a demonstration period of at least 15 months. The interim alternative emission limitation shall be derived from the data specified in paragraph (d)(10) of this section using methods and procedures satisfactory to the Administrator;
- (12) The proposed dates of the demonstration period (which must be at least 15 months long):

- (13) A report which outlines the testing and procedures to be taken during the demonstration period in order to determine the maximum NO_X emission reduction obtainable with the installed system. The report shall include the reasons for the NO_X emission control system's failure to meet the applicable emission limitation, and the tests and procedures that will be followed to optimize the NO_X emission control system's performance. Such tests and procedures may include those identified in § 76.15 as appropriate.
- (14) The special provisions at paragraph (g)(1) of this section.
- (e) Contents of petition for a final alternative emission limitation. After the approved demonstration period, the designated representative of the unit may petition the permitting authority for an alternative emission limitation. The petition shall include the following elements in a format prescribed by the Administrator:
 - (1) Identification of the unit;
- (2) Certification that the owner(s) or operator operated the affected unit and the NO_X emission control system during the demonstration period in accordance with: specifications and procedures designed to achieve the maximum NO_X reduction possible with the installed NO_X emission control system or the applicable emissions limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7; the operating conditions (including load dispatch conditions) upon which the design of the NO_X emission control system was based; and vendor specifications and procedures.
- (3) Certification that the owner(s) or operator have installed in the affected unit all NO_X emission control systems, made any operational modifications, and completed any planned upgrades and/or maintenance to equipment specified in the approved demonstration period plan for optimizing NO_X emission reduction performance, consistent with the demonstration period plan and the proper operation of the installed NO_X emission control system. Such certification shall explain any differences between the installed NO_X emission control system and the equipment configuration described in the approved demonstration period plan.

- (4) A clear description of each step or modification taken during the demonstration period to improve or optimize the performance of the installed NO_X emission control system.
- (5) Engineering design calculations and drawings that show the technical specifications for installation of any additional operational or emission control modifications installed during the demonstration period.
- (6) Unit operating and quality-assured continuous emission monitoring data (including the specific data listed in §76.14(b)) collected in accordance with part 75 of this chapter during the demonstration period and demonstrating the inability of the specific unit to meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 on an annual average basis while operating in accordance with the certification under paragraph (e)(2) of this section.
- (7) A report (based on the parametric test requirements set forth in the approved demonstration period plan as identified in paragraph (d)(13) of this section), that demonstrates the unit was operated in accordance with the operating conditions upon which the design of the NO_X emission control system was based and describes the reason or reasons for the failure of the installed NO_X emission control system to meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 on an annual average basis.
- (8) The minimum NO_X emission rate, in lb/mmBtu, that the affected unit can achieve on an annual average basis with the installed NO_X emission control system. This value, which shall be the requested alternative emission limitation, shall be derived from the data specified in this section using methods and procedures satisfactory to the Administrator and shall be the lowest annual emission rate the unit can achieve with the installed NO_X emission control system;
- (9) All supporting data and calculations documenting the determination of the requested alternative emission limitation and its conformance with the methods and procedures satisfactory to the Administrator;
- (10) The special provisions in paragraph (g)(2) of this section.

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- (11) In addition to the other requirements of this section, the owner or operator of an affected unit with a Group 1 boiler that has installed an alternative technology in addition to or in lieu of low NO_X burner technology and cannot meet the applicable emission limitation in §76.5 shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that the actual percentage reduction in NO_X emissions (lbs/mmBtu), on an annual average basis is greater than 65 percent of the average annual NO_X emissions prior to the installation of the NO_X emission control system. The percentage reduction in NO_X emissions shall be determined using continuous emissions monitoring data for NO_X taken during the time period (under paragraph (d)(3) of this section) prior to the installation of the NO_X emission control system and during long-term load dispatch operation of the specific boiler.
- (f) Permitting authority's action—(1) Alternative emission limitation demonstration period. (i) The permitting authority may approve an alternative emission limitation demonstration period and demonstration period plan, provided that the requirements of this section are met to the satisfaction of the permitting authority. The permitting authority shall disapprove a demonstration period if the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section were not met during the operating period.
- (ii) If the demonstration period is approved, the permitting authority will include, as part of the demonstration period, the 4 month period prior to submission of the application in the demonstration period.
- (iii) The alternative emission limitation demonstration period will authorize the unit to emit at a rate not greater than the interim alternative emission limitation during the demonstration period on or after January 1, 1996 for Phase I units and the applicable date established in §76.5(g) or 76.6 for Phase II units, and until the date that the Administrator approves or denies a final alternative emission limitation.
- (iv) After an alternative emission limitation demonstration period is approved, if the designated representative requests an extension of the demonstration period in accordance with

- paragraph (g)(1)(i)(B) of this section, the permitting authority may extend the demonstration period by administrative amendment (under §72.83 of this chapter) to the Acid Rain permit.
- (v) The permitting authority shall deny the demonstration period if the designated representative cannot demonstrate that the unit met the requirements of paragraph (a)(2) of this section. In such cases, the permitting authority shall require that the owner or operator operate the unit in compliance with the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 for the period preceding the submission of the application for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period, including the operating period, if such periods are after the date on which the unit is subject to the standard limit under § 76.5, 76.6, or 76.7.
- (2) Alternative emission limitation. (i) If the permitting authority determines that the requirements in this section are met, the permitting authority will approve an alternative emission limitation and issue or revise an Acid Rain permit to apply the approved limitation, in accordance with subparts F and G of part 72 of this chapter. The permit will authorize the unit to emit at a rate not greater than the approved alternative emission limitation, starting the date the permitting authority revises an Acid Rain permit to approve an alternative emission limitation.
- (ii) If a permitting authority disapproves an alternative emission limitation under paragraph (a)(2) of this section, the owner or operator shall operate the affected unit in compliance with the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 (unless the unit is participating in an approved averaging plan under §76.11) beginning on the date the permitting authority revises an Acid Rain permit to disapprove an alternative emission limitation.
- (3) Alternative emission limitation renewal. (i) If, upon review of a petition to renew an approved alternative emission limitation, the permitting authority determines that no changes have been made to the control technology, its operation, the operating conditions on which the alternative emission limitation was based, or the actual $NO_{\rm X}$

emission rate, the alternative emission limitation will be renewed.

- (ii) If the permitting authority determines that changes have been made to the control technology, its operation, the fuel quality, or the operating conditions on which the alternative emission limitation was based, the designated representative shall submit, in order to renew the alternative emission limitation or to obtain a new alternative emission limitation, a petition for an alternative emission limitation demonstration period that meets the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section using a new demonstration period.
- (g) Special provisions—(1) Alternative emission limitation demonstration period—(i) Emission limitations. (A) Each unit with an approved alternative emission limitation demonstration period shall comply with the interim emission limitation specified in the unit's permit beginning on the effective date of the demonstration period specified in the permit and, if a timely petition for a final alternative emission limitation is submitted, extending until the date on which the permitting authority issues or revises an Acid Rain permit to approve or disapprove an alternative emission limitation. If a timely petition is not submitted, then the unit shall comply with the standard emission limit under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 beginning on the date the petition was required to be submitted under paragraph (c)(2) of this section.
- (B) When the owner or operator identifies, during the demonstration period, boiler operating or NO_X emission control system modifications or upgrades that would produce further NO_X emission reductions, enabling the affected unit to comply with or bring its emission rate closer to the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, the designated representative may submit a request and the permitting authority may grant, by administrative amendment under §72.83 of this chapter, an extension of the demonstration period for such period of time (not to exceed 12 months) as may be necessary to implement such modifications or upgrades.
- (C) If the approved interim alternative emission limitation applies to a

- unit for part, but not all, of a calendar year, the unit shall determine compliance for the calendar year in accordance with the procedures in §76.13(a).
- (ii) Operating requirements. (A) A unit with an approved alternative emission limitation demonstration period shall be operated under load dispatch conditions consistent with the operating conditions upon which the design of the NO_X emission control system and performance guarantee were based, and in accordance with the demonstration period plan.
- (B) Å unit with an approved alternative emission limitation demonstration period shall install all NO_X emission control systems, make any operational modifications, and complete any upgrades and maintenance to equipment specified in the approved demonstration period plan for optimizing NO_X emission reduction performance.
- (C) When the owner or operator identifies boiler or NO_X emission control system operating modifications that would produce higher NO_X emission reductions, enabling the affected unit to comply with, or bring its emission rate closer to, the applicable emission limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, the designated representative shall submit an administrative amendment under §72.83 of this chapter to revise the unit's Acid Rain permit and demonstration period plan to include such modifications.
- (iii) Testing requirements. A unit with an approved alternative emission limitation demonstration period shall monitor in accordance with part 75 of this chapter and shall conduct all tests required under the approved demonstration period plan.
- (2) Final alternative emission limitation—(i) Emission limitations. (A) Each unit with an approved alternative emission limitation shall comply with the alternative emission limitation specified in the unit's permit beginning on the date specified in the permit as issued or revised by the permitting authority to apply the final alternative emission limitation.
- (B) If the approved interim or final alternative emission limitation applies to a unit for part, but not all, of a calendar year, the unit shall determine

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compliance for the calendar year in accordance with the procedures in §76.13(a).

§ 76.11 Emissions averaging.

- (a) General provisions. In lieu of complying with the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, any affected units subject to such emission limitation, under control of the same owner or operator, and having the same designated representative may average their NO_{X} emissions under an averaging plan approved under this section.
- (1) Each affected unit included in an averaging plan for Phase I shall be a Phase I unit with a Group 1 boiler subject to an emission limitation in §76.5 during all years for which the unit is included in the plan.
- (i) If a unit with an approved NO_X compliance extension is included in an averaging plan for 1996, the unit shall be treated, for the purposes of applying Equation 1 in paragraph (a)(6) of this section and Equation 2 in paragraph (d)(1)(ii)(A) of this section, as subject to the applicable emissions limitation under $\S76.5$ for the entire year 1996.
- (ii) A Phase II unit approved for early election under §76.8 shall not be included in an averaging plan for Phase I.
- (2) Each affected unit included in an averaging plan for Phase II shall be a boiler subject to an emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 for all years

for which the unit is included in the plan.

- (3) Each unit included in an averaging plan shall have an alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation (lb/mmBtu) and can only be included in one averaging plan.
- (4) Each unit included in an averaging plan shall have a minimum allowable annual heat input value (mmBtu), if it has an alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation more stringent than that unit's applicable emission limitation under § 76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, and a maximum allowable annual heat input value, if it has an alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation less stringent than that unit's applicable emission limitation under § 76.5, 76.6, or 76.7.
- (5) The Btu-weighted annual average emission rate for the units in an averaging plan shall be less than or equal to the Btu-weighted annual average emission rate for the same units had they each been operated, during the same period of time, in compliance with the applicable emission limitations in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7.
- (6) In order to demonstrate that the proposed plan is consistent with paragraph (a)(5) of this section, the alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitations and annual heat input values assigned to the units in the proposed averaging plan shall meet the following requirement:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (R_{Li} \times HI_{i})}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} HI_{i}} \leq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (R_{li} \times HI_{i})}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} HI_{i}}$$
 (Equation 1)

Where:

- $R_{\rm Li}$ = Alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation for unit i, lb/mmBtu, as specified in the averaging plan;
- $R_{ii} = \mbox{Applicable emission limitation for} \\ \mbox{unit i, lb/mmBtu, as specified in} \\ \mbox{\$76.5, 76.6, or 76.7 except that for} \\ \mbox{early election units, which may be} \\ \mbox{included in an averaging plan only} \\ \mbox{}$
- on or after January 1, 2000, R_{li} shall equal the most stringent applicable emission limitation under §76.5 or 76.7;
- HI_i = Annual heat input for unit i, mmBtu, as specified in the averaging plan;
- n = Number of units in the averaging plan.

- (7) For units with an alternative emission limitation, R_{li} shall equal the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, not the alternative emissions limitation.
- (8) No unit may be included in more than one averaging plan.
- (b)(1) Submission requirements. The designated representative of a unit meeting the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(8) of this section may submit an averaging plan (or a revision to an approved averaging plan) to the permitting authority(ies) at any time up to and including January 1 (or July 1, if the plan is restricted to units located within a single permitting authority's jurisdiction) of the calendar year for which the averaging plan is to become effective.
- (2) The designated representative shall submit a copy of the same averaging plan (or the same revision to an approved averaging plan) to each permitting authority with jurisdiction over a unit in the plan.
- (3) When an averaging plan (or a revision to an approved averaging plan) is not approved, the owner or operator of each unit in the plan shall operate the unit in compliance with the emission limitation that would apply in the absence of the averaging plan (or revision to a plan).
- (c) Contents of NO_X averaging plan. A complete NO_X averaging plan shall include the following elements in a format prescribed by the Administrator:
- (1) Identification of each unit in the plan;
- (2) Each unit's applicable emission limitation in § 76.5, 76.6, or 76.7;
- (3) The alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation for each unit (in lb/mmBtu). If any of the units identified in the NO_X averaging plan utilize a common stack pursuant to $\S75.17(a)(2)(i)(B)$ of this chapter, the same alternative contemporaneous emission limitation shall be assigned to each such unit and different heat input limits may be assigned;

- (4) The annual heat input limit for each unit (in mmBtu):
- (5) The calculation for Equation 1 in paragraph (a)(6) of this section;
- (6) The calendar years for which the plan will be in effect; and
- (7) The special provisions in paragraph (d)(1) of this section.
- (d) Special provisions.—(1) Emission limitations. Each affected unit in an approved averaging plan is in compliance with the Acid Rain emission limitation for NO_X under the plan only if the following requirements are met:
- (i) For each unit, the unit's actual annual average emission rate for the calendar year, in lb/mmBtu, is less than or equal to its alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation in the averaging plan; and
- (A) For each unit with an alternative contemporaneous emission limitation less stringent than the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, the actual annual heat input for the calendar year does not exceed the annual heat input limit in the averaging plan;
- (B) For each unit with an alternative contemporaneous annual emission limitation more stringent than the applicable emission limitation in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, the actual annual heat input for the calendar year is not less than the annual heat input limit in the averaging plan; or
- (ii) If one or more of the units does not meet the requirements under paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, the designated representative shall demonstrate, in accordance with paragraph (d)(1)(ii)(A) of this section (Equation 2) that the actual Btu-weighted annual average emission rate for the units in the plan is less than or equal to the Btu-weighted annual average rate for the same units had they each been operated, during the same period of time, in compliance with the applicable emission limitations in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7.
- (A) A group showing of compliance shall be made based on the following equation:

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(R_{ai} \times HI_{ai}\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} HI_{ai}} \leq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(R_{li} \times HI_{ai}\right)}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} HI_{ai}}$$
 (Equation 2)

Where:

- R_{ai} = Actual annual average emission rate for unit i, lb/mmBtu, as determined using the procedures in part 75 of this chapter. For units in an averaging plan utilizing a common stack pursuant to $\S75.17(a)(2)(i)(B)$ of this chapter, use the same NO_X emission rate value for each unit utilizing the common stack, and calculate this value in accordance with appendix F to part 75 of this chapter;
- $R_{ii} = \mbox{Applicable annual emission limitation for unit i lb/mmBtu, as specified in §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, except that for early election units, which may be included in an averaging plan only on or after January 1, 2000, <math>R_{li}$ shall equal the most stringent applicable emission limitation under §76.5 or 76.7;
- HI_{ai} = Actual annual heat input for unit i, mmBtu, as determined using the procedures in part 75 of this chapter:
- n = Number of units in the averaging plan.
- (B) For units with an alternative emission limitation, $R_{\rm li}$ shall equal the applicable emission limitation under §76.5, 76.6, or 76.7, not the alternative emission limitation.
- (C) If there is a successful group showing of compliance under paragraph (d)(1)(ii)(A) of this section for a calendar year, then all units in the averaging plan shall be deemed to be in compliance for that year with their alternative contemporaneous emission limitations and annual heat input limits under paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section
- (2) Liability. The owners and operators of a unit governed by an approved averaging plan shall be liable for any violation of the plan or this section at that unit or any other unit in the plan, including liability for fulfilling the ob-

ligations specified in part 77 of this chapter and sections 113 and 411 of the Act.

(3) Withdrawal or termination. The designated representative may submit a notification to terminate an approved averaging plan in accordance with §72.40(d) of this chapter, no later than October 1 of the calendar year for which the plan is to be withdrawn or terminated.

§ 76.12 Phase I $NO_{\rm X}$ compliance extension.

- (a) General provisions. (1) The designated representative of a Phase I unit with a Group 1 boiler may apply for and receive a 15-month extension of the deadline for meeting the applicable emissions limitation under §76.5 where it is demonstrated, to the satisfaction of the Administrator, that:
- (i) The low NO_X burner technology designed to meet the applicable emission limitation is not in adequate supply to enable installation and operation at the unit, consistent with system reliability, by January 1, 1995 and the reliability problems are due substantially to NO_X emission control system installation and availability; or
- (ii) The unit is participating in an approved clean coal technology demonstration project.
- (2) In order to obtain a Phase I NO_X compliance extension, the designated representative shall submit a Phase I NO_X compliance extension plan by October 1, 1994.
- (b) Contents of Phase I NO_X compliance extension plan. A complete Phase I NO_X compliance extension plan shall include the following elements in a format prescribed by the Administrator:
- (1) Identification of the unit.
- (2) For units applying pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section:
- (i) A list of the company names, addresses, and telephone numbers of vendors who are qualified to provide the